

THE OYEN NEWS



VOL. 16, No. 48.

OYEN, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 16, 1930

PAGE ONE

January Discount

20 per cent discount on all Silverware, Fine Chinaware and Glassware, during the month of January.

J. L. ACHESON
EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE

January Stocktaking

will reveal your shortage in business stationery—Letterheads—Envelopes—Loose Leaf Account Forms—Billheads—Statements—etc. Place your order with our job department. It will receive careful attention and be promptly delivered.

The Oyen News

LEGAL NOTICE

MORTGAGE SALE OF FARM PROPERTY

By virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by the "Land Titles Act". There will be offered for sale by public auction at the Post Office in the Village of Oyen in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday, February 8, 1930 at 2.30 o'clock p.m., the following property, namely:

South East quarter of Section 32, Township 20, Range 5, West of the 4th Meridian, containing 180 acres more or less, hereafter unto His Majesty all mines and minerals.

Terms of sale to be (10) per cent cash at the time of the sale and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the vendor's solicitor.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserve bid and free from all encumbrances, save taxes for the current year.

The vendor is informed that there is a barn, 16 x 20, on the land and a good supply of water, 125 acres have been cultivated.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to B. H. Dill, the Auctioneer, Oyen, Alberta, or to A. G. Bramley-Moore, 302 McLeod Building, Edmonton, Vendor's Solicitor.

A. G. BRAMLEY-MOORE,
Vendor's Solicitor.

Approved: W. FORBES,
Registrar.

Somme Chapter O.E.S. Install Officers for 1930

At their meeting of the Chapter, held last night in the Masonic Hall, Somme Chapter No. 35, O.E.S., installed officers for 1930 as follows:

W. Matron	Sister Gladys P. Dunford
Worthy Patron	Bro. John B. Lowe
A. A. Matron	Sister Annie Noon
Assistant Patron	Bro. J. P. Rorabeck
Secretary	Bro. Charles Stewart
Treasurer	Sister Elsie McLaren
Conductress	Sister Christina McKay
A. A. Cond.	Sister Florence Lowe
Adah	Sister Anna Kerr
Ruth	Sister Oeta Hunter
Eather	Sister Mattie Anderson
Martha	Sister Leah Stephenson
Elicia	Sister Marie Ide
Warner	Sister Constance Hoenig
Sentinel	Bro. Ray O. Anderson
Chaplain	Sister Jean Stewart
Marshall	Sister Eva Miller
Organist	Sister Jennie Whitlock

Mr. P. A. Miquelon, grand organizer of The Elks, is an Oyen visitor during the present week.

Ladies Aid Elect Officers for 1930

At the annual general meeting of Oyen Ladies Aid, held in the United Church last week, the following officers were elected for 1930.

Honorary-president, Mrs. H. C. Woods; president, Mrs. S. A. Miller, vice president, Mrs. J. R. Acheson; secretary, Mrs. M. G. Whitlock; treasurer, Mrs. C. Stewart; flower committee, Mrs. J. P. Rorabeck and Mrs. George Langmuir; special committees, Mrs. J. P. Kerr, Mrs. C. L. Dunford, Mrs. C. S. Wright, Mrs. R. McLaren and Mrs. H. Morrison; personage committee, Mrs. R. E. Gillespie, Mrs. Harvey Johnson and Mrs. W. Girander.

The reports of the various committees show splendid work done and excellent progress made during the past year and the organization to be strong financially.

J. P. Rorabeck Re-elected School Trustee

The annual meeting of the ratepayers of Oyen School District, No. 3058, took place this afternoon at the school.

Mr. J. P. Rorabeck, whose term on the board automatically expired, was re-elected for three years. Various reports read showed a very satisfactory condition, in the school, but the old trouble of tax arrears is still a vexed question, and appears to be one that should receive very careful attention.

Canada Regains World Wheat Championship

Southern States Must Look to North for Seed

At the International Live Stock Exhibition and Hay and Grain Show at Chicago in December, 1929, Canada again carried off the wheat championship of the world. This honour went to Mr. Joseph H. B. Smith of Wolf Creek, 140 miles west of Edmonton, Alberta. Thirteen other championships and reserve championships in live stock, hay and grain were won by Canadians this year. During the nineteen years that this exhibition has been held, Canadian farmers have won the wheat championship fifteen times. Ten times the award has gone to Saskatchewan, four times to Alberta, and once to Manitoba.

It is to be noted also that this wheat prize carried with it another honour to Canada. The winning sample was Reward wheat, a variety developed at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, and first placed on the market in commercial quantities in 1928. It is a cross between Marquis and Prelude, and it ripens in 100 days as compared with 114 for Marquis.

On the four occasions in the past nineteen years when Canada has not won the wheat championship it has gone to the northern border state of Montana, U.S.A. This circumstance again calls attention to the conclusion of scientists and of practical farmers that in the northern hemisphere the southern portions must ever look to the north and the still further north for their seed and their foundation live stock, in order to maintain the stamina and yielding qualities of their plants and animals.

After Stock-taking Specials

Stock taking has revealed many odds and ends in Winter Goods.

These are marked at low prices and as much cold-weather is ahead of us, you can save money by buying now.

Look over our Remnant Counter.

A new shipment of Ladies Spring Shoes in. See these newest styles.

S. A. MILLER

Announcement

Mr. Elmer MacArthur

—is agent for—

CAMPBELL FLORAL

Seeds and Nurseries Ltd.
721 2nd Street West, - Calgary

Your orders will be appreciated and must carefully and promptly filled.

Funeral Designs	Seeds - Bedding Plants
Wedding Bouquets	Shrubs - Ferns etc.
Cut Flowers	Potted Plants

COAL! COAL!

These cold days are hard on the coal pile. Do not let your supply get too low—We have Coal and Wood on hand all the time, with fresh car lots of Coal coming in each week.

Place an order Now

BEAVER LUMBER COMPANY LIMITED

IN YOUR TOWN
AND A HUNDRED OTHERS

POWER Farming School OLIVER, HART-PARR MACHINERY OYEN

FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1930

(Masonic Hall), 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.

W. V. Miller, Agent

YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO ATTEND

THE ELEVENTH ANNUAL BONSPIEL

TO BE HELD IN

OYEN

Monday-Tuesday-Wednesday
FEBRUARY, 10-11-12

Good Prizes

For particulars apply to or write
Ray. C. Anderson, Secretary,
Oyen, Alberta.

Salada Orange Pekoe has by far the finest flavour



'Fresh from the gardens'

A New Year Message of Peace

Radio, as a great unifying force in the national life of Canada, was again demonstrated on the second day of this new year when speeches by Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, Sir Robert Borden and General Jan Christian Smuts, former Prime Minister of South Africa, were broadcast over the Dominion from the Atlantic to the Pacific, enabling tens of thousands of Canadians to clearly hear every word spoken.

The importance from a national standpoint of Canadians being able to listen to such speeches as those given by Premier Hankey Macdonald, and General Smuts, can hardly be over-estimated. They not only serve to link Canada more closely to the nations of the great British Commonwealth of Nations, but they likewise help our people to learn of Canada itself as it is seen and appreciated by world statesmen.

Many of the problems confronting South Africa in these early years of its autonomy as a self-governing Dominion, are similar to those which confronted young Canada and the Fathers of Confederation fifty and sixty years ago. In South Africa, as in Canada, they have problems relating to the racial origin of the two major groups in the Commonwealth and inherent in which is the problem of language. In addition, South Africa has the problem of the native black races which, fortunately, we are free of in this Dominion. In his short address, Sir Robert Borden referred to the fact that Canada and South Africa, at the Peace Conference, appeared to have a clearer perception of the future of the Empire than did others of the Dominions. Canada and South Africa found themselves entirely in accord. Sir Robert Borden did not labor the point, nor did he take time to explain just why this should be so. But it is not the reason quite self-evident? Here in Canada, at times, when from one cause or another, racial and language difficulties crop up and dissonance use made of these differences and difficulties inflame the passions and prejudices of people, the question is frequently asked in the English-speaking Provinces: Why should Canada be obliged to recognize the French language, and continue certain old French laws, when Australia is not so bound?

The answer is not far to seek. Like South Africa, is a conquered country. It was originally a French possession, but was wrested by force of British arms from France, just as the Hawaiian and the Orange Free State were wrested from the Boers. Australia, on the other hand, was colonized by English-speaking people. There was no conquest, except that over the native races. When the Boers came to the British and asked them to turn down their arms in South Africa, treaties were negotiated between Britain on the one hand, and France and the old Boer republics on the other. In those treaties Britain solemnly pledged her national word and honor to the observance of certain things, and among these was recognition of certain racial, religious and language rights and privileges.

Accorded full Dominion status, the duty and responsibility of maintaining and observing both the letter and the spirit of these treaty obligations devolves upon Canada and South Africa. The national word and honor of these two Dominions is pledged just as solemnly as is that of Great Britain. And if Great Britain, Canada, South Africa, and the whole Empire was prepared to go to war and make all the sacrifices entailed in the great world struggle of Germany in order to keep Britain's pledged word guaranteeing the neutrality and independence of Belgium, how much more should all portions of the Empire loyally, faithfully, generously, fulfill those obligations which alone make Confederation possible in Canada, and has made South Africa a boy's own country in the Empire?

In his speech, General Smuts dwelt at length upon Canada's leadership in the Empire, and the great contributions which this Dominion has made in the cause of national unity, Empire unity and solidarity, and world understanding. It was Canada's example which made union in South Africa possible. It was the example of the British Empire which made the League of Nations possible, the League being, as General Smuts pointed out, but the exemplification and extension of the same principles upon which the British Empire is founded and continues to exist and prosper.

Speaking of Canada, General Smuts used words which every Canadian should take to heart, and which, in concluding this article, we quote:

"You have taken the lead in many respects. You took the lead in racial settlement. The Prime Minister has referred to the coincidence with our situation in South Africa. Our racial circumstances resemble your own. If we have reached a happy solution of our great racial question in South Africa, it is largely due to the precedent you have set. You found the first solution of the racial question and we have followed you, and the precedent you have set which we are following. I think that racial questions will cease to trouble other nations of the world, so that racial questions will cease to trouble the peace of the world and, instead of being a source of division, will become the bond of union between the nations of the earth."

A Consoling Thought

It was necessary for taxation purposes to decide which side of the Canadian and United States border a farm, which an old lady had just purchased, actually lay. Surveyors finally announced that the farm was just on the American side of the border. The old lady smiled with relief. "I'm no glad to know that," she said. "I've heard that winters in Canada are terribly severe."

Novel Wall Decoration

In a barber's shop in Islington, the walls and ceilings are completely covered with thousands of minute pieces of plate-glass mirror which the proprietor, Mr. Festa, has cut and painted in all colours of the rainbow and in all shapes from stars to roses. The largest piece of glass is less than an inch square, and the total number is about a quarter of a million.

A man with no aim in life is just as much handicapped as a dog with no tail to wag.

The baggage was used by ancient musicians in Egypt and Greece.



Many people, two hours after eating, suffer indigestion. You know this better method. It is usually excess acid. Correct it with an alkali. That's what you need. It's quick, harmless and efficient. It is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It has been recommended for 50 years the standard with physicians. One spoonful in water neutralizes many times the volume of stomach acids, and at once. The systems disappear in five minutes.

You will never use crude methods when you know this better method. And you will never suffer from excess acid. It's what you need. It's quick, harmless and efficient. It is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It has been recommended for 50 years the standard with physicians. One spoonful in water neutralizes many times the volume of stomach acids, and at once. The systems disappear in five minutes.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR



Book Brings Good Price

First Edition Of Hawthorne's "Scarlet Letter" Worth Large Sum

To buy a book for \$1 and two days later receive an offer of \$1,300 for it was the good fortune of Mrs. Dora Hood, of Toronto.

Recently Mrs. Hood purchased a group of old books and discovered among them a first edition of Nathaniel Hawthorne's "Scarlet Letter," printed at Boston in 1850. The book is quoted in booksellers' catalogues at prices ranging from \$1,000 to \$15,000.

Besides "The Scarlet Letter," Mrs. Hood found a first edition of "Marble Faun" by the same author, printed in 1860, and valued of \$100.

WAS ALWAYS AILING NEVER FELT WELL

Health Restored Through the Use Of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

"I am one of the many who have had my health brought back by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills," says Mrs. M. J. B. of Boston. "For some years I never felt well, and at times was so weak that I would be content to lie in bed. My very best I was in an ailing condition. I found it difficult to get up to do my housework. I was subject to headaches, poor appetite, nervousness, and at times I felt very much depressed. Before Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were recommended to me I had tried several medicines, but without any permanent benefit. I was completely discouraged and felt that I would always be an invalid. I tried strongly to get up to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and finally I consented to do so, but with much hope that they would help, where other medicines had failed. But in this, to my joy, I was mistaken. I had not been taking the pills very long when I knew they were helping me. As I continued to take them, my strength began to come back, and I was able to do my housework. I continued taking the pills for several months, when I again found myself a well woman, and I believe that I had not been for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I would today be a nervous invalid. The pills have been taken by others in our family, with the same beneficial results. I strongly urge every weak woman to try this great health-building medicine. If you will send your name and address to the dealer or to my mail box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., a little book, "Building Up the Blood," will be mailed you free of charge. You can get these pills through any dealer or by mail from my mail box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

Madrid's Great Worry

Abandoned Donkeys Are Proving Problem For Spanish City

New York has the problem of disposing of abandoned automobiles, but Madrid it's abandoned donkeys. Every once in a while a little donkey is abandoned on the streets, either lost or found by an owner who could no longer afford to feed the animal.

The difference between an abandoned automobile and an abandoned donkey is that the automobile occupies space, but eats nothing, while the donkey does both. The City of Madrid spends quite a bit of money every time a donkey is found on its hands, and is therefore anxious to get rid of him as soon as possible. Auction sales are announced frequently no buyers are immediately found.

The Oil For the Athlete—In rubbing down, the athlete will find Dr. Thomas' Eucalypti an excellent asset. It renders the muscles and sinews pliable, takes the soreness out of them and strengthens the nerves. It is a strain that may be put upon them. It is made pre-eminently for athletes and athletes who for years, have been using it can testify to its value as a liniment.

For the first 10 months of the present year Canada's total exports were \$1,004,623,233. In the corresponding period of 1925 exports totalled \$1,070,909,845. The decrease in grain and flour exports are almost twice as much as the total decrease of all exports. The increase in manufactured goods largely offset the falling off in the grains.

Minard's Wards Off Grippe.

The United States ranks first among the countries exporting rayon hosiery to Egypt.

Safeguarding Life At Sea

Parliament Will Likely Deal With Problem At Next Session

Parliament at the forthcoming session will probably be asked to enact legislation putting into effect some of the provisions of the convention which resulted from the "safety of life at sea conference." This was held last year and was attended by Alex. Johnson, deputy minister of marine. While the general provisions of the convention do not become effective until 1931, a number of them are considered of sufficient urgency to warrant their being adopted by the signatory governments at the earliest. This has particular bearing on radio apparatus. The convention agreed that, henceforth ocean-going ships generally must carry wireless. It will be compulsory for passenger vessels and also for freighters of 1,000 tons and over.

Each administration has discretion to exempt from this provision shipping vessels where the administration is satisfied that these do not involve any hazard.

According to international agreement, a passenger ship is one which carries 12 passengers and over; but it is realized that there are circumstances under which small vessels operate within that classification operate without the remotest risk. Such ships would be exempt from the proposed legislation.

Hitherto one of the difficulties has been the equipping of freighters with radio apparatus. The cost of maintenance, involving, as it does, the payment of no fewer than three operators, is at times prohibitive, and to meet this problem, however, the conference has devised an automatic system which reduces the number of operator radio men to one. This invention makes it possible for a ship to receive an "S.O.S." in the form of a warning signal. The stricken vessel sends out its message in four second dashes, and this reaches the one-man radio equipped freighter by the ringing of a bell hung in the signal-house and in the chartroom. Thus, if the operator is off duty, the officer on watch receives the warning signal, and immediately is able to communicate that fact to the operator who can thus proceed to his post and take the message.

The conference developed other requirements for safeguarding life at sea, but it is believed that the government dealing with radio will be taken up in the Canadian parliament this next session.

Setting the West

538 Families Settled Permanently On Canadian Farms By Colonization Association

A total of 538 families were settled permanently on Canadian farms in the first eleven months of 1926 by the Canada Colonization Association, it was stated at Saskatoon the other day. The total does not include those families placed as workers for other farms, and which, if added, would raise the total to 1,210 families. The area covered by the permanent placements this year is 125,441 acres.

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Children's Colds

Best Treated Externally

That's why modern mothers prefer Vicks—It cannot upset delicate stomachs. Rubbed on throat and chest, it acts two ways at once:

- (1) Its healing vapors, released by the body heat, are inhaled directly to the air passages;
- (2) It "draws out" the soreness like an old-fashioned poultice.

Get 2 ways at once VICKS VAPORUB OVER 15 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

World's Richest Country

In Wealth Per Capita Switzerland Is In The Lead

The commonly accepted impression that Switzerland is the richest world in per capita wealth is corrected by a table issued by a Wall Street Bureau. The United States stands in third place. Switzerland leads with a wealth per capita of \$3,126. New Zealand follows with \$3,029. The United States is third with \$2,008. Other important countries are not far behind. Canada following the United States with \$2,710; Australia, \$2,710; and Great Britain, \$2,677. At the tail of the procession is Russia, whose wealth is estimated at but \$215 to the head population. Wages in the United States and statistics show that a people with little wealth may still be prosperous, even though living costs are relatively high.

Don't Submit To Asthma. If you suffer without hope of breaking the chains which bind you do not put off another day the purchase of Dr. J. D. Kollig's Remedy. A trial will drive away all doubt as to its efficiency. The sure relief that comes will convince you more than anything that can be written. When help is so sure, why suffer? This matches remedy is sold by dealers everywhere.

Alberta Oil More than 200 wells have been drilled or are drilling in Alberta, and plans are under way for starting at least 50 more in the spring. Turner Valley accounts for 37 actual producers with an output of 100,000 barrels of crude naptha per month, and 200,000 cubic feet of natural gas daily.

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Putnam's Corn Extractor

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Cut Down Food Wasteage

---by covering all perishable goods with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper. Para-Sani moisture-proof texture will keep them fresh until you are ready to use them.

You'll find the Para-Sani sanitary knife-edged carton handy. Or use "Centre Puck" Packs in sheet form for less exacting uses. At grocers, druggists, stationers.

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Teeth and the Diet

Dental Infection Plays An Important Part In Development Of Disease

In days gone by, treatment of teeth was based on the assumption that they held no value on the rest of the body. We have learned in recent years, however, that dental infections play an important part in many epidemic diseases. The Mayo Clinic, which has won fame all over the world for the high standard it maintains, and the connection between it gives patients, now insists that every person who comes up for treatment should undergo a thorough examination of the mouth, no matter what disease is apparent.

It is, therefore, of the highest importance that we be most systematic in taking the very best care possible of our teeth, and it will help us to do so if we know some of the reasons. There is a world of truth in the old quotation, "Infected teeth are ill tenants."

Dr. Charles Mayo once said that the great mass of the population in this generation, would die from one of the great plagues, but that ninety out of one hundred would die from the cause of some simple infection, the original cause of which would give them no trouble.

One by one the great agencies of the world are taking even more interest in what the teeth are doing to the rest of the system. The life insurance companies want to know what is in the applicant's mouth before they decide whether he or she is a good risk for a policy. The food industries employ dentists to examine the teeth of their employees and see to it that they have the best chance of a highest efficiency through healthy mouths.

The best thing which the teeth do for us is to masticate our food. Mastication is the first step in digestion, and unless the food is prepared properly, our digestive organs get out of order, and as the saying is, "The food does not masticate his food is the enemy of his own life."

Tooth-ache, while at first unpleasant as anything one can think of, has its advantages, because it is a danger signal and sometimes we are apt to be a bit careless until we receive a very emphatic warning. The fact that you have no tooth-ache, however, should not be taken to mean that your teeth need no attention. Sometimes people have teeth that are gradually undermining their health while they are not suspected of it. They reach middle age and find that not only are their teeth getting past the stage of usefulness, but their general health has suffered as well. One of the most intelligent habits one can form is to have a regular visit to the dentist every six months and the utmost co-operation with him when we get there.

Immigrants from Italy, Greece, and Italian States, Poland and Germany have fine teeth. Investigation of this factor in their lives showed that they eat a simple diet, consisting of coarse foods, plenty of fruit and vegetables, and dark bread that is never eaten while it is too fresh. They do not have the same opportunities we have of indulging in white flour and refined sugar, and they seldom eat candy. On the other hand, the Canadian examination of fifteen hundred patients showed that 87 per cent. had infected teeth, and 60 per cent. suffered from pyorrhea.

The British Dental Association reports that 86 per cent. of the English and Scotch school children have decayed teeth. We, who have much more opportunity of taking care of ourselves than has the poor immigrant, find that we are second to none in the care of our teeth. There is only one reason—the food we eat. Dental disease in the past has increased with the advance of civilization. We destroy valuable constituents in our food by too much intensive cooking and refining. So it behooves us to take care of our teeth.

Teeth, properly and regularly brushed, will not show decay. Decay is induced by an excess of children. They are saved a lot of useless trouble with their teeth if they are properly treated in this respect. They will not get cavities unless they are allowed to have them more than is necessary.

"Sorry to trouble you, porter, but can you tell us where of us lives here?" It was a long, long time.

W. H. U. 1420

And a bad habit, once formed, is hard to break.

An adult who indulges in candies, should do so during meal times. Candies or sweets should not be taken between meals, and if in this done the mouth should be rinsed out immediately with water. To eat candies just before going to bed, is the best way to encourage tooth-decay and large dentists' bills.

If you are visiting the dentist regularly, he will soon recognize any symptoms of pyorrhea in your mouth, and the time to treat this disease is in its early stages. To avoid pyorrhea, one must avoid taking starchy and gelatinous foods, like cake, between meals and before going to bed at night. Whenever they are taken they should be followed by cleaners such as fruit. Cleanliness of the mouth is one of the greatest means of avoiding this disease. Thorough mouth action helps by increasing the circulation in the gums. If you have erred in the matter of diet in the past, the best thing you can do to correct your mistake is to maintain the habit of brushing the gums and teeth after each meal.

Good Places To Sleep

If Names Mean Anything Some Villages In England Would Qualify

A member of the Urban District Council of Kells, in the county of Meath, Ireland, boasts that "there is no town in England which sleeps so heavily as Kells."

That may be a compliment to Kells or it may be a reflection on the intelligence of the inhabitants. At any rate, it is gratifying to learn that there are people in Ireland who now sleep peacefully in bed, instead of lying awake nights wondering when a knock may come to the door and they be dragged to the gallows.

There is nothing about the name Kells which suggests a soporific influence upon the residents. But over in old England, in bed, instead of lying awake nights wondering when a knock may come to the door and they be dragged to the gallows.

There is a little community in England which is named Feather Bed. Then there is another called Snoring, which, is perhaps, not so seductive. But there is Sheet, in Hampshire, Nap, in Yorkshire, and Bed in the same county.

Minnesota has a Sleepy Eye, and Poland has a Lazy. What splendid slogans might be emblazoned across No doubt there could be places in a holiday poster for such retreats. nominated for the reverse side of the picture. Norway, for instance, has a little town in the west, called Snoring, where the tourists, who not only go there to take and ski—but they buy an extra railway ticket from Bergen, sixteen miles away, so that if anyone tells them to go there they can retort that they have a return ticket, anyway!

Canadian Poultry For The World's Congress

One Thousand Birds To Be Entered By Canadian Exhibitors

A fine line live birds exhibit for the World's Poultry Congress, to be held in London, England, next July, is assured. The Live Bird exhibit Committee, of the chairmanship of Mr. Geo. Robertson, Experimental Farm, Ottawa, has decided that the maximum of birds to go from Canada shall be one thousand.

At a meeting of the Committee recently held in Ottawa, it was decided that entries for the Congress must be made through the provincial secretaries, and must reach Mr. Robertson, at Ottawa, not later than February 21. Entries received by this date will be in time to reach the Old Country of Britain before the closing dates for entries for the provincial secretaries to provide inspection for the birds and to pay the transportation to and from Ottawa.

The Federal Department will take charge of the birds on arrival at Ottawa, pay the entry fees as well as the transportation charges from Ottawa to the Congress and return.

Mr. L. F. Burrows, at Ottawa, is secretary of the Congress, and any information needed by prospective exhibitors can be secured from him.

Tree Owns Heir

The most distinguished tree in the United States is a tree that owns itself. It is a white oak tree in Athens, Ga. No one can buy or sell it. No one owns the land on which it stands rooted. The man who owned the tree left this provision in his will: "In consideration of the great love I bear this tree and the great debt I have for its possession of itself, and all land on eight feet of the tree on shades."

The Rock of Gibraltar was under the dominion of the Moors until the fifteenth century.

MAKING GOOD RECOVERY



Hon. W. R. Motherwell, Minister of Agriculture, in hospital at Ottawa, suffering from an attack of pleurisy contracted at Sherbrooke live stock show, who is reported as making satisfactory progress.

A Real Occupation

Average Working Time of Farm Woman Is Sixty-Three Hours a Week

Politicians are disputing about appointments of census-takers, and there have been debates about the proper form of the questionnaire to be submitted to citizens. Now comes a lady representing the National Women's Party to protest against this classification in the census. It is that of housewives as women having "no occupation."

This certainly cannot mean having nothing to do. According to the Department of Agriculture the average working time of the farm woman is sixty-three hours a week. Many mothers must be busy a longer time than that. To prepare meals for a family or even to oversee their preparation, to look after bread-making and sweeping and dusting, to get the children off to school, to make everything snug and cozy for the tired business man when he comes home in the evening—to say nothing of dressing and clothes-mending, and feeding the cat or the dog—must keep even a highly efficient woman going for long hours.

Perhaps the census officials will reply that what they mean is not to include housewives among women having a "fruitful occupation." But this may be regarded as adding insult to injury. Busy mothers might protest that they do not directly earn money by their labors, yet at least save a lot and that this ought to be allowed for on the credit side of the family budget. In any case, women who know nothing of the eight-hour day in their houses are entitled to a scornful laugh at a dawdling census-taker who puts them down as having "no occupation." They may say that they have nothing else to do.

Trade With U.S. Growing

Phillips Predicts Further Increase In Exports and Imports

A favorable account of trade relations between the United States and Canada was given recently by Hoover by William Phillips, recently resigned minister to Canada, and former under-secretary of state. He said his respects to Mr. Hoover prior to leaving Washington for an extended vacation in Egypt.

Phillips said he expected an increase in both exports and imports to and from United States and Canada was given recently by Hoover by William Phillips, recently resigned minister to Canada, and former under-secretary of state. He said his respects to Mr. Hoover prior to leaving Washington for an extended vacation in Egypt.

Makes Display Attractive

Peters open and close, bottles be come tall and then short, dollars and cents mysterious things happen in an attractive window display sign now on the market. It consists of a cabinet in which is a flexible metal mirror that bends by the rotation of eccentricity on a shaft driven by a small electric motor.

Most Popular Color

The noblest color in the most popular color in Canada. The royal mint struck 12,330,000 one-cent pieces in 1928, according to a statement issued at the Department of Finance. Other coins struck were: five-cent pieces, 5,340,000; 10-cent pieces, 1,550,000; 25-cent pieces, 1,888,000; and 50-cent pieces, 188,000.

Model Chicken Ranch

Labor saving devices have made the Free Trade poultry farm in Jefferson County, Kansas, one of the most completely equipped in the state. The flock of 2,000 birds are fed by watered in 20 minutes daily. Feed, water, litter, and eggs are handled by machinery.

Everything the Americans make is immense.

"How awkward when they make glaucous."—Pages Gates, Yvond.

The Ladder Of Life

How Humanity Is Helped Through The Social Welfare Work Of The Red Cross Society

Like the dream of the Fairchild of old, as he lay asleep pillowed on a stone, life appears as a ladder with many rungs to those who ascend them. The ladder of life is the social welfare work which occupies the peacetime program of the Red Cross Society. From the cradle to the grave, the Red Cross touches life, nay, even before life begins, the watchful eyes of the Greatest Mother is anxiously looking out for an opportunity to do good to the child-to-be. The first rung of his ladder of life is perhaps the most important, for just here statistics show that there are thousands born who will never live to place their little feet higher on the steps that lead to youth and manhood. They die because of the deplorable ignorance of those who should know better, and fall in the tide, the parents.

Mother-like, the Red Cross has a wide program for the education of the expectant mother. Not only does it ignore that, when the finest mothercraft information is obtainable from the prenatal nurse, but the Red Cross also has a program for the young married girls to teach them in life that will make living a joy when the family begins to come. When the child enters school there, too, the Red Cross follows, ever the best friend, knowing the lovelessness of right living in a way that captures the vivid imagination of the child.

On the ladder of life, the ladder of school life travels the teaching of the Red Cross, and when a child comes, and sorrow because of inability to cope with the problem, the Red Cross comes the valuable ally with offers of care for the crippled, and cure for the underprivileged.

From man's estate and accepting the duties of the race, the traveler at the middle of the ladder looks down the ladder, and the Red Cross is a life-long friend, who shares his sorrow and suffering, understands his difficulties, and at times of need can be depended on to show him the way, no matter how dark the cloud.

Having been served royally himself, the great grateful citizen turns to Red Cross offers to take part in the work himself. In many a small town one sees the busiest people finding time from their already overworked lives to arrange for some Red Cross event, for the wheels of many may even be kept turning, knowing that it is not one turn of the wheel that is in doing a good and useful service to all those who travel up life's ladder.

Origin Of Word "Sundae"

Virginia Druggist Invented Refreshment To Get Around Law

The origin of the word "sundae" is told in the London Sunday Times. When the strict laws of Prohibition were enforced it was made unlawful for drug stores to sell sodawater on Sunday, although these places were allowed to keep open. One Sunday, after the enactment, a man visiting Norfolk, against a drug store and soda-water dealer, decided to get around the law to draw sodawater on Sunday, but there was no known objection to the sale of ice cream. As the man did not care for plain vanilla cream, the druggist suggested that he should try some chocolate syrup on it. The doctor liked this so well that he came back later for more, and brought some friends with him. A number of other people in the store at the time, attracted by the appearance of the new refreshment, ordered it. A name had to be found for the concoction, and because the day was Sunday, and on account of the Sunday Blue Laws, the "inventor" called it a "sundae."

The word is different from the "sundae" which is a name for a kind of nut. He advertised it as such, with so much success that others followed suit, and the mixture soon became popular not only on Sunday, but on all days of the week. The drug store where the sundae originated is pointed out by those visiting Norfolk, Virginia.

German Consul Best

In an address to the Rotary and Kiwanis Clubs, at Victoria, B.C., Rev. Dr. W. G. Wilson gave vivid impressions of his trip to Germany. "On land and sea, Germany is coming back with a speed you and I cannot understand. She is coming back with a rush, and she is not content to go on at her present pace, she will conquer the world with the products of her factories."

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Child: Well, dear, and how do you like school?

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Wisdom Of The Bee

Man Must Think To The Conclusion That There Is A Higher Intelligence Behind What He Can Understand

Anybody who is disturbed, as some are nowadays, by so-called scientists who believe in a mechanical theory of the universe, who deny as they deny grace back of things, and who think that it all just happened, might profitably go to Frank C. Fellet, a bee expert who in an article in the Flower Grower, speculates on the wisdom of the bee.

Long ago, as it seems now, though it is only a short time ago in the history of mankind, mathematicians painfully figured out the fact that when you have to nest together prime of equal capacity, the six-sided prism does the work most efficiently and with the least waste of material. If, for instance, you wanted to build a nest of silos, you would get absolutely the best results by making them six-sided instead of round, or square, or octagonal, or any other shape.

Then somebody looked at a honeycomb and found that the best kind of this fact long before man discovered it. The cells in a honeycomb made by bees are six-sided, and it is an absolutely perfect job. Laid out as accurately as any engineer could do it—as accurately, for instance, as a bee has a better sense of direction than paper holds up the heavy load of honey and never breaks down.

Now Fellet, the bee-man, wants to know how the bee is so cunningly intelligent as all that? Or did some infinite intelligence back of things invent the bee, and give him the knowledge in the bee, or instinct, or whatever it is, of the bee?

Fellet isn't the first to ask that question. Long ago, as the 19th century Reformer, a famous naturalist, pondering the same mystery of the bee's astounding cunning as an engineer, said this: "If one could wish to regard them as very intelligent beings, one is forced to recognize the work of an infinite intelligence. Infinitely perfect and infinitely powerful."

Next time a mechanic tries to rob you of your money, or a thief tries to steal the six-sided cell, and at the same time you might ask him about the cunning mechanism in the bee's knees that could not be "revived" and "re-created."—Duluth Herald.

Good News For Superstitious

This Year Has Only One Friday The 13th

Superstitious folk will find satisfaction in a study of the calendar for the year—It contains but one Friday the 13th—on October 13th. In the battalion orders of a smart infantry regiment there appeared the following notice: "The Bishop of Lucknow will preach at the parade on Sunday morning next. All men will carry twenty rounds of such ammunition." Ever since the battle of the Marston in northern Italy has attended church with arms and ammunition. But it was unfortunate that the order to do so should follow so closely on the Bishop's appearance in church.

His Explanation

A brass band once visited a small village, and the people were delighted with it, but they couldn't make head nor tail of the music. The band leader said: "The old man old Cyrus Haydn to investigate. Well, old Cyrus watched the performance of the trombone player for some time. Then he said with a sneer: 'Take no notice of him, fellows. There's a trick to it, he don't swallow a live toy every time.'"

"Piano Was Fourtial"

The Island of Antigua, in the West Indies, recently saw its first aircraft. The news of the arrival of a seaplane was announced by the ballman, and surprise was shown by many that it should be so punctual. One woman was heard to remark: "Look! It's a plane! It's coming the four'clock and it come at four o'clock. Look!"

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Investigate Sea Bed Earthquakes

Will Investigate Bottom Of Atlantic Ocean To Find Out What Causes Recent Tremors

Efforts to ascertain exactly what happened to the bed of the Atlantic ocean recently, and was shaken by a series of earthquakes that snapped deep sea cables and sent a sympathetic shudder along the North Atlantic coast, are being made by cable ships of the Western Union Telegraph Company when they finish repairs on which they now are working.

Three ships, the "Domina," largest cable vessel in the world; the "Lord Calville" and the "Cyrus Field" are now on duty at the scene of the greatest tremors, the first two about 1,000 miles due east of New York, working on repairs to the New York-Azores cable, and the latter some 200 or 300 miles south of Newfoundland, engaged in patching the New York-Newfoundland connecting link of the European cable.

When they have finished their task, they will be difficult to get by recent storms, they will be instructed to gather all the oceanographic data possible by soundings on their way back to the home port.

So far the ships have noted no marked change in the topography of the ocean bottom since the quakes of November 18. The "Domina" and the "Calvin," operating on information furnished by the device which locates cable breaks within an average of a quarter-mile of exactitude, have pored up the Azores cable exactly where it was laid.

Although the break occurred at the deepest point along the cable's path, the one-inch wire was fished from a depth of approximately three and a half miles which was looked for with some difficulty, although heavy weather since has prevented the completion of the fishing.

The grappling iron of the Cyrus Field caught the Newfoundland cable, too, at the depth of about two and a half miles which was looked for at the point where the break came, while cable ships of other companies are reported to have picked up their broken lines in the same area without noting any changes in depth.

Arms and the Bishop

Order For Troops In India, Canteen At Fortunate Time

One does not usually associate the parade service with humor, though this conjunction occasionally happens. Here is a case from India: In the battalion orders of a smart infantry regiment there appeared the following notice: "The Bishop of Lucknow will preach at the parade on Sunday morning next. All men will carry twenty rounds of such ammunition." Ever since the battle of the Marston in northern Italy has attended church with arms and ammunition. But it was unfortunate that the order to do so should follow so closely on the Bishop's appearance in church.

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Do you think your mother will give her blessing to our marriage?

"I don't think so—she said yesterday she would come and live with us."

—Nebelspater, Zurich.

Farmers Of Western Canada View With Hopefulness The Coming Of The New Year

As 1930 starts, the western farmer is sitting tight—and hoping. He is sitting tight because he realizes that he will receive between \$150,000,000 and \$200,000,000 less for his wheat crop than he did for the bumper yield of 1929. He is hoping because the future gives him reason—and because the farmer by his nature is an optimist.

In judging himself, the adverse situation arising out of the drastically-reduced crop, the agrarian is lining up beside the businessmen in the cities. Side by side, the rural west and the urban east are striving to make the best of conditions. When business generally slowed up last fall, unemployment on the prairies was less from a negligible figure until it reached the highest mark in half a dozen years. But the provinces, civic organizations and individual companies joined in a concerted effort to aid the jobless. Every project possible in the line of existing concerns is being pushed forward to provide employment.

While the wheat pool is still jockeying for position with regard to prices for the 1929 yield the farmer has an eye on the possibilities for next year. An unusually dry summer, and an autumn with barely average precipitation have left the soil deficient in moisture. Undoubtedly, the generous spring rains will still bring a good 1930 yield—and, of course, the farmer is hoping that world conditions make the coming harvest worth a good price.

Nineteen-twenty-nine, at its close, brought a smile to the west where a considerable portion of the 1929 yield is still in store. Official reports at Christmas time from the Argentine indicate that the southern republic's wheat output will be far below the average figure estimate. To the wheat pool members—and that is to 90 per cent. of the wheat producers—developments in the Argentine appear as strong support of the pool's policy of "withholding" until prices are what they consider fair.

In the interval between crop-times, agrarian attention is turned to a marked extent by provincial conventions of farmers' bodies. Some 50,000 active members are directly concerned in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta assemblies. The 1930 convention will be held early this year. Probably 1,500 delegates will attend the three annual meetings, presenting resolutions approved by various districts in the bid to mould a general farm opinion.

The past year has been one of approval for farmers' demands.

During 1929, the flow of immigrants from Europe's non-preferred countries was restricted to 30 per cent. of the previous year's total and a complete reorganization was effected in the board of grain commissioners. Both these measures were requested at all three provincial meetings held in 1929.

Besides, the western farmer approves strongly of the decision to list "Canada" as a nationality on common sheets and of Canada's signature of the League of Nations optional clause.

Ahead, the farmer sees the opening of the Hudson Bay Railway to transport overseas. He sees improved conditions through the extension of telephone, light and power lines. He sees better roads and lighter taxes. He dreams of that bigger crop in 1930, and thinks of the chance of cashing in fairly well on the half size 1929 yield.

At the present there is the winter's work to do, and the resolutions to complete for the annual conventions. So the farmer in the west philosophically forgets the past and, to a great extent, the worries it has brought into the present. He sits tight and he hopes.



"Florence has a difficult part in this play."
"But she is cast for a non-speaking part."
"Yes, very difficult for a woman."
Buen Humor, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1930

The Dual Purpose Cow

Many Farmers Find These Cattle Are Very Profitable

Some have questioned the existence of such an animal as the dual purpose cow. However, the fact remains that many Shorthorn of good beef conformation produce sufficient milk to return a profit to their owners aside from the value of their calves which make good feeders. These qualities constitute dual purpose stock, and by reason of such qualities many farmers prefer this strain of Shorthorn to any other class of cattle. No intelligent breeder of such stock pretends to compete with the dairy breeds in average production of milk per head, nor as a rule does he pretend to compete with the straight bred breeds in the show ring, but he is a strong contender for high calf position as measured by net returns at the end of the year, writes E. Van N. C. Dominion Experimental Station, Scott, Sask.

The Shorthorn used by the Dominion Experimental Station, Scott, Sask., was started in 1921 with its own producing producers, continued by Mr. Van N. C. During the last five succeeding years two cows have made records approximately 8,000 pounds; six cows have over 6,000 pounds by their credit, and eleven have made records of over 5,000 pounds. The one cow inspected by a great many visitors and no person has questioned the suitability of these animals for beef, and waiting lists are on file continually for breeding stock. The records referred to were made without undue forcing. During the winter months the meal mixture ration consisted of 500 pounds of chop, 100 pounds bran, and 100 pounds of cake meal. From six to ten pounds of this mixture was fed per head, per day, supplemented with prairie hay and sunflower silage. When on pasture in summer a light feed of cut chop was given at the time of milking. The meal mixture for 1929-30 has been applied for winter feeding and is made up as follows: 300 pounds bran, 300 pounds chop, 150 pounds barley, chop and 200 pounds oil cake meal.

Would Welcome Change

Obligations Of Average Wage Earner Are Heavily Felt

Dr. Hugh S. Cummings, surgeon-general of the Public Health Service at Washington, recently states that while the pauper receives the benefits of modern medicine free of charge and the millionaire pays dearly for them, the man of ordinary means who will not accept charity, and can not afford high fees, is being neglected.

This opinion depicts a situation obtaining in Canada as well. As a rule, indigents suffering from physical afflictions are cared for in hospitals and the financial burden is borne by the municipality, while the private ordinary means is required to foot his own bill and the indigent's also in an indirect way.

The ultimate burden really rests with the average wage earner. He would not doubt welcome any change that would alleviate his unfair obligations.

Building Down

Japan has proposed building a skyscraper "backward," or constructing it as far below ground as those of America rise into the sky. One contemplated will be 80 floors deep, having a steel framework and in the form of a huge cylinder, 155 feet in diameter, and 1,100 feet deep. It will cost \$12,000,000.

One-half of Alaska is an inhabitable area. It could sustain a population of 10,000,000.

A ROYAL WEDDING

Princess Marie Jose, of Belgium, and Crown Prince Umberto of Italy, took place in Rome.

Irrigation In Western Canada

One Million Acres Of Land Under Irrigation In Southern Alberta

Each year irrigation is assuming greater importance in the agricultural development of Southern Alberta. At the present time approximately one million acres of land in that province are capable of irrigation by one or more of several companies. The proper use of irrigation water is not yet a definitely settled question. During the past few years the subject has been given special attention by the assistant superintendent of the Dominion Experimental Station, at Lethbridge, Alberta. The results of these studies have been published in a bulletin No. 125, of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa. The investigations have covered the irrigation of wheat, alfalfa, potatoes, sugar beets and sunflowers. The conclusions reached with respect to wheat and alfalfa are particularly interesting. Irrigation in the fall, after harvest, is the best method of securing early growth and was found to be a good practice. If the fall irrigation was not good, and if the precipitation of May and early June was not abnormally high, it was found essential to irrigate after the crop was up in the spring, but before the plants were checked in growth by lack of moisture.

With alfalfa, it was found in years of normal rainfall, beneficial to give at least two irrigations to produce two good crops. One of these was applied in the fall, or in early May if the spring rains were out of the way. The second irrigation was required just before or just after cutting the first crop.

Moose Jaw Seed Grain Fair

Entries Of Grain and Grasses Were All Of High Quality

J. W. McGhie, Marquis, was again the outstanding winner at the annual seed grain fair of the Moose Jaw Agricultural Society held recently. As on the last two occasions Mr. McGhie made an almost clean sweep of the top trophies offered in the contest.

Despite the dryness of the season the grain entries were of high quality and received the commendation of the judges. Farmers prominent in grain growing in the Moose Jaw district entered the fair and in all the classes there was a total of 54 entries. In addition to the grains and grasses there were dressed poultry and potato exhibits, and a fine show of hog and cattle. The judges were Dr. Harrington, University of Saskatchewan, who was assisted by J. C. Mitchell, Dabinda.

The Royal Bank Cup, the Eaton Cup, the Mutual Life Challenge Cup, and the Canadian Bank of Commerce Cup were won by J. W. McGhie, Marquis, while the Grant Hall Cup for potatoes, was won by J. R. Annable, Moose Jaw. In the Saskatchewan Cooperative Creameries, Limited, event, for the most points in the fodder crop exhibit, W. J. F. Warren secured first place. J. W. McGhie took first in the Robin Hood competition for registered Marquis's wheat.

See First Rain Storm

Children of six and seven years in portions of south and central Saskatchewan recently stood in wonder and awe, and felt, rain for the first time. A seven years' drought has been broken in the country by torrential rains, so heavy that the railway between Quorn and Alton Springs was destroyed and traffic suspended indefinitely.

Sue—"Then you advise me to go into hysterics until I give a new turn?"
True—"Yes, every little bit helps."

Revolutionary Changes In Canada's Mining Industry May Result From Scientific Discovery

Supplementary Feeds For Breeding Hens

Special Foods To Increase The Hatchability Of Eggs

It is being found out that the hatchability of eggs can be improved by feeding the laying hens with special foods in addition to the regular rations. At the Northern Ontario Experimental Station, of the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, such supplementary feeds as cod liver oil, raw liver, bone meal, and a mixture of the former two were fed. One hundred hens were divided into pens of ten birds each, making duplicate pens for each feed in test, as well as for the check pen which received the ordinary ration only.

The cod liver oil was fed at the rate of one-quarter teaspoonful per bird, per day, the raw liver, one half-ounce per bird, per day, and the bone meal was mixed in the dry mash at the rate of five per cent. by weight. For the bone meal received the cod liver oil and the raw liver, the quantity of each was reduced one-half. The experiment was divided into two periods with one week between them. The first period covered the regular mating season when made birds were kept in separate pens. The second period made birds were separated after the first period covered 45 days. Separate records were kept with each of the two periods.

This work was continued over three seasons. The average number of eggs required per chick at three weeks of age over the three year period was as follows: raw liver, 2.2; cod liver oil, 2.3; bone meal, 2.6; and cod liver oil, 2.3. It was observed that the feeding of cod liver oil gave the poorest results, and the raw liver the best.

Discuss Empire Trade

Commercial Travellers Would Hold Empire Meeting In Toronto

Resolution favoring the holding of a convention of commercial travellers from all parts of the British Empire is the subject of discussion at the annual meeting of the Commercial Travellers' Association of Canada held in Toronto.

The meeting would be held in Toronto at a date yet to be decided on. Dr. E. C. Colwell, president, in his address to the delegates, said conditions throughout Canada are sound and sound of commercial travellers. From the point of view of commercial travellers, the present situation is one which cannot be regarded with equal satisfaction.

Some of the very factors, he said, which are contributing to the volume and success of retail business in Canada are tending to retard growth of the association, judging in the light of membership, because of the increasing number of chain stores and amalgamations of wholesale houses.

Seed Oats

Saskatchewan Government Has Quantity On Hand For Sale

The Saskatchewan Government is now in possession of 225,000 bushels of seed oats, all available for distribution through municipalities officials and farmers' organizations, it is announced. The Government is in a position to supply 100 bushels of seed oats for 50 cents a bushel, delivered, and additional five cents to be added to that price if the buyer asks for delivery in sacks.

A Back Number

Some Americans were discussing the Emperor in Sydney, N.S.W., has performed a trick that is run by sun's rays. They pass through a small hole and fall upon people seated in the theatre, register fractions of a minute. The clock is accurate as long as the sun is shining.

More than one-fifth of the advertising in American periodicals deals with some angle of cleanliness.

Swift Current Fox Farm

J. A. Black, who established a silver black fox farm at Swift Current, in 1924, is shipping over \$20,000 worth of pelts to England. This is an average of \$125 a pelt for 125 pelts. Black started with twenty pairs in 1924, and this year he has 130 choice silver black foxes left for future stock.

Revolutionary Changes In Canada's Mining Industry May Result From Scientific Discovery

Revolutionary changes in Canada's mining industry within the next year are foreseen as the result of experiments being carried out by scientists in the Department of the Interior, at Ottawa. Secret tests of two instruments promise fulfillment of the age-old dream of finding minerals with automatic devices.

One instrument, the Torsion balance, has been used primarily for measuring gravity. It has been found so delicate that it measures mineral deposits in its locality.

The other instrument is the seismograph, commonly employed for recording earthquakes shocks. Experiments have shown that shocks travel through mine shafts at a different speed than through rock; the seismograph is set up and a blast of dynamite is discharged in the neighborhood. A calculation of the speed of the recording impulse indicates the kind of rock of the intervening rock structure.

Even oil may be discovered with the seismograph, scientists believe. Shocks are quickly absorbed by oil and if the instrument fails to register the presence of petroleum may be discovered.

Employment of these modern equivalents of the ancient divining rods is expected to bring developments in one of Canada's great natural sources of wealth.

Forecast For This Year

Astronomer Looks For Lighter Rainfall And Short Crop

Lighter rainfall, greater danger from forest fires, fewer electrical storms, increased fur production, these are some of the consequences expected in 1930 from a diminution in the strength of ultra-violet rays from the sun.

Dr. Ralph E. Delury, of the Dominion Observatory, a distinguished astronomer, looks for a lessening of the sun's ultra-violet rays for the next four or five years. While hesitating to make definite predictions on account of the vagaries of the sun's activities, deductions from a long series of investigations led him to believe that there would be a reduction in the amount of the very results which that certain rays.

The effect of ultra-violet rays on rainfall has been definitely established. Dr. Delury says ultra-violet rays are strongest when sun spots are largest and most frequent. The eleven-year cycle for sun spots reached its peak in 1928, and in 1929 there was another period of great activity. The next few years should see a gradual decrease in those phenomena.

Prize Holstein Cows

Conspicuous Winners On C.P.R. Supply Farm, At Stratmouth

The five prize Holstein cows of the Canadian Pacific Supply Farm, at Stratmouth, which have won so many previous prize winners this year, have hung up splendid records in milk production for the year ending October 31st, according to reports of the Holstein-Friesian Association of Canada. The five cows in question stood at the top of the list in their classes, in every case. The group consisted of two mature cows, one four-year-old, one three-year-old, and one two-year-old. The two mature cows stood first and second for all Canada, and the other three stood first for all Canada.

Sun Runs Clock

Prof. W. E. Cooke, at the observatory in Sydney, N.S.W., has performed a trick that is run by sun's rays. They pass through a small hole and fall upon people seated in the theatre, register fractions of a minute. The clock is accurate as long as the sun is shining.

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"I Have eaten nothing for a week."

"Stomach trouble!"
"No, pure, the Pages Girls. Yesterday."

"I Have eaten nothing for a week."

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"I Have eaten nothing for a week."

"Stomach trouble!"
"No, pure, the Pages Girls. Yesterday."

ZIG-ZAG

Cigarette Papers
Large Double Book
100 Leaflets
For Sale at 50¢
Now 50¢
The RAMSAY CO. 775 Bank St. OTTAWA, ONT.

PATENTS

A List of "Patented Inventions" and
Full Information Free by Return
The RAMSAY CO. 775 Bank St. OTTAWA, ONT.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Five hundred and fifty-three home-steads and eighteen soldiers' grants were filed on through the Dominion Land Office, at Edmonton, during the month of November.

Talking pictures are not yet favored in Sweden. This has been revealed by the "Svenska Dagbladet," a morning paper of Stockholm, through a nation-wide symposium.

For the first time in 15 years, due to poor crops and general depression, the Moose Jaw poultry association will not stage its annual show. Decision to this effect was reached at the last regular meeting.

The population of continental United States increased 14,000,000 in the ten years ended July 1, 1925, to 119,306,000, the National Bureau of Economic Research, New York, has announced.

In Canada to study railwaying, Jun K. Choy, special representative of the ministry of railways of the Chinese National Government, was a recent visitor at the headquarters of the Canadian Pacific Railway, Montreal.

Award of the 1929 Nobel prize for literature to Thomas Mann was the fourth Nobel award to be given to a German. France is second in the list of winners with 23. For the two score German prizes, 31 were for scientific achievement.

Diplomatic negotiations will be started shortly in an effort to induce the Chinese Government to rescind an order refusing permission to land Japan Air Transport Company to operate mail and passenger aeroplanes between Japan and Shanghai, it is understood at Tokyo.

Announcement was made by Hon. W. H. Price, Ontario attorney-general, that the government would not launch prosecutions against those named in the report of Gordon Wallace, M.P., commissioner who recently investigated activities of the Amalgamated Builders' Council in several cities under the Combines Investigation Act.

Modernizing China

Old Style Chinese Lunar Calendar Gives Way To Newer Method
China's modern battle between the Chinese style lunar calendar and the "foreign style calendar" entered a new phase, when, by order of the National government, the lunar calendar according to the lunar calendar became no longer legal.

This is the most concrete attack yet made against the age-old Chinese method of reckoning passage of the months by the moons. Previous efforts to bring about uniform adoption of the foreign or Gregorian calendar has proved futile, in spite of announcement of penalties even for the printing or possession of the old style calendar.

Saskatchewan Lumber Industry

Millions of Board Feet Of Lumber To Be Sawed This Winter
Between now and next spring 100,000,000 board feet of lumber will be sawed from Saskatchewan logs and thousands of cords of fuel will be made available for market. "It is difficult for prairie dwellers to appreciate fully the size of this northern industry," says the "Saskatchewan Farmer," which adds in regard to improved lumbering methods and the saving of waste, "at least one industrial firm is talking of using bitternest discarded jackpine in the manufacture of creosoted fence posts and other materials."

The proprietor of a well-known ice-cream firm has gone bankrupt. He is up to his ice in debt.

Frost Bites

Mineral restores circulation and eases the pain of cold nipped cheeks and ears.

MINERALS
"KING OF PAIN"
NIMEN
W. N. U. 1820

Reminiscences Of War

Future Wars Will Be Carried On Against Civilians As Well as the Soldier At the Front

In modern war it is not armies that are mobilized, but nations, and it is as important in a military sense to starve or bombard the women who are making shells in the factory as to will the soldiers who are firing the shells. It is as important to cut off the food supplies from the people who make the munitions as it is to cut off the munitions supplies from the fighting line. War in the future will not be and cannot be, more humane than in the past; it will be, more thoroughly more humane, for not only has the "civilian" ceased to exist in the war sense, but the modern weapons of war, the airplane and the submarine, are especially adapted to carry destruction beyond the theatre of war into the homes of the people.—A. G. Gardiner in the London Star.

Result's Prove Satisfactory

Japanese Pottery Dealers Pleased With Hatching Eggs From B.C. The Co-operative Association of Pottery Dealers, of British Columbia, reports remarkable success in the shipment of hatching eggs to Japan. A report just received from consignees (the Oriental Pottery Estate, Unawatuna, P.O. Chubbuck, Japan), states that out of the 45 eggs sent six months ago by the steamer "Emserg" from France, 42 hatched out good chicks, and that there are now 22 cockerels and 17 pullets, the latter starting to lay. The association believes this to be a record for so long a journey, and state that the results testify to the great care taken in the transportation of the delicate consignments.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

LEMON COCONUT FILLING
1 cup grated coconut.
1 teaspoon salt.
2 cups water.
1/2 cup lemon juice.
2 cups sugar.
7 tablespoons cornstarch.
Cook all ingredients together in double boiler for 45 minutes.

DEVIL'S FOOD
1/2 cup butter.
1 cup sugar.
2 eggs.
1/2 cup milk.
1 1/2 cups flour.
3 teaspoons baking powder.
1/2 cup white sugar.
1/2 cup chocolate.
Grated rind 1/2 orange.
Cream butter; add, gradually, one-half the sugar and melted chocolate. Beat yolks of eggs until thick and lemon-colored, and add gradually, the remaining sugar. Combine mixtures, and add milk, alternately, with flour, stirring with baking powder. In final whites of eggs, beaten stiff, and grated orange rind. Bake forty-five to fifty minutes in a shallow pan, in an orange frosting. When frosting is cool, spread a thin layer of melted chocolate over the top.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union
JANUARY

(By Anabelle Worthington).

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Where Danger Lies

Accidents Happen Often in Unexpected Ways Insurance Official Finds

Those who lack courage for new enterprises, and to fear for their physical safety, should take heed from the records of a Pittsburgh insurance company. If they hesitate before crossing Fifth Avenue at Thirty-Fourth Street, or put off out of day their first airplane ride, a glance at reports of accidents which happen to people in the peaceful pursuit of the business routine should make the avenue and the air seem safe by comparison.

An official of the company was interested in compiling a list of the unusual and unexpected accidents which seem to go far out of their way to find a victim. For fifteen years a kept record of them.

One man kicked a thief out of his shop and broke the bones in his own foot. Another chased a chicken through a barbed-wire fence, and while the foot escaped, the pursuer was painfully hurt up. Then there was the sad case of one who was so ardently embraced by a friend that it was his turn to be hurt.

Another unlucky individual put in claim for injuries sustained while riding in a trolley car, a workingman who had thrown a shoeful of hot asphalt into the car and into the claimant's lap.

Talking quietly to a friend in the lobby of a building might be considered perfectly safe. Yet in such close circumstances, the insurance company reports, a horse came charging into the hall, and trod on the foot of one of the talkers.—New York Times.

New Device For Lifeboats

Vires Projectile Two Hundred Feet Into Air and Releases Flares

Some of the blind helplessness of lifeboats at sea at night is likely to be relieved.

The army, the navy, the steamship inspection service of the U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Coast Guard have been working on a device to that end.

With it a man can carry in his coat pocket the equivalent of a standard light-house, two hundred feet high, with a light of fifty thousand candle power, with which to signal for help or to rescue vessels.

The device resembles a big, 45-calibre pistol, although its barrel is a little fatter. It fires like a pistol and projects upward two hundred feet or more a projectile about the size of a big cannon cracker. This bursts and releases a fifty thousand candlepower flare, suspended from a parachute.

The suspended light burns thirty seconds and the pistol is designed to be reloaded with one hand so that any desired succession of lights or even a code of signals can be sent aloft.

Waves washing over the lifeboat or water swamping it have no effect on the reliability of the pistol. Its ammunition has been stored in salt water for more than twenty-four hours without effect.

Scoff At Dry Year Forecast

University of Saskatchewan Scientists See No Room To Expect Drought

Scientists at the University of Saskatchewan, declined to accept the statement of Dr. Ralph Delany, of the Dominion Observatory, regarding the probability of a series of dry years. Rainfall is caused by the evaporation from the earth's surface caused by the heat of the sun, the greater part being from that two-thirds of the surface of the globe occupied by the oceans.

If the heat is constant, the amount taken into the air each year is the same and the moisture that goes up into the air must come down.

Various causes such as the shifting of the ice cap, may cause changes in the climate of certain areas, but the total precipitation is generally considered to vary very slightly.

Germans Using New Fuel

A hundred thousand tons of mud fuel have been ordered by a electric-works on the Rhine. A German company has discovered how to make the mud in the bed of the River Emmerich into a useful substitute for coal. For thousands of years rich mud has been washed down the river from the Westphalian coalfields.

One bee-hive usually contains a queen, 300 to 400 drones, and 40,000 workers.

San Marino, the world's smallest republic, has the second largest national anthem in the world.

Teacher—Now tell me, what sort of people will wear the biggest coats when they go to heaven?

Bright Pupil—Those with the biggest heads.

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SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JANUARY 10

JESUS BEGINS HIS MINISTRY

Golden Text: "Repent ye; for the kingdom of heaven is at hand."

Lesson: Matthew 4:12-25.

Devotional Reading: Isaiah 9:2-7.

Explanations and Comments

The Kingdom of Heaven is at Hand, verse 17.—From the time of his coming to Capernaum, Jesus began to preach and to say, "Repent, for the Kingdom of Heaven is at hand. The call to repentance was the message which he bade His disciples proclaim when He sent them out two and two to preach, and in His final words to His disciples after His resurrection. He said that repentance and remission of sins should be preached in His name unto all the nations.

For centuries the Jews had been looking forward to the coming of the Kingdom of Heaven, and by this phrase they meant the restoration of their nation to independence and power under divine leadership. Jesus bade them to make a radical change in their way of thinking, and learn the truth which He sought to teach them, that the Kingdom of Heaven is neither a geographical nor a political realm, but a spiritual realm.

The Threefold Ministry of Jesus, verse 23, Matthew 23. Matthew makes a general statement of Jesus' work in Galilee—that He went about teaching, preaching, and healing. He taught in the synagogues, for while the Jews were offered only one temple at Jerusalem, every town and village had its synagogue for worship. He preached the gospel, or good news, of the Kingdom, and healed all kinds of diseases, as well as the leprosy, spread throughout Syria, and from Galilee, and beyond.

People came bringing their sick ones for Him to cure. The word "epilepsy," in verse 24, is "lunatic," the King James' version. An epileptic is a person who has a seizure, or a fit, which is a temporary loss of consciousness, and is often followed by a violent convulsion.

Jesus' ministry was an itinerant one—he went about from place to place teaching, and preaching, and healing. The nature of His work made the fellowship and apprenticeship of disciples necessary. The prophets had their scholars, and the scribes had their disciples; it was a long established custom, but the nature of Jesus' training school was never as great as Jesus' and many things which He taught that no trained teacher could fathom, many things to do that only Jesus could carry out.

A Mechanical Bellows
A mechanical bellows, recently brought over from Europe, was a novel feature of New Year's eve festivities at one of the hotels in New York City. It wrote the names of guests on an easel, made announcements and acted as a assistant master of ceremonies during the entertainment.

Teacher—Now tell me, what sort of people will wear the biggest coats when they go to heaven?

Bright Pupil—Those with the biggest heads.

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"After Baby, Was Weak, Skinny, Gained 22 Lbs."

John Harold and Edgar, who sacrificed their lives in the cause of duty.

Honor Intrepid Explorers

Memorial Erected in England In Memory of John Harold and Edgar

The Christian Daily now being published in the London Daily Mail, has attracted great interest in the Old Country.

A memorial to Harbord and his companions has been erected in the Northwick parish church, near the old home of his parents. Members of the Harbord family and Mrs. Adlard, mother of Harbord, were present at the ceremony.

The dedicatory prayer contained the words, "We dedicate this tablet to the heroic memory of my servants, John Harold and Edgar, who sacrificed their lives in the cause of duty."

This inscription on the tablet was: "The tablet is given to the memory of John Harold, M.C., an intrepid explorer, who, on July 21, 1927, was found dead on the bank of the Thelon River, in Northern Canada, with two companions, Harold Adlard, 27 years old, and Edgar Chantler, 18 years old, R.I.P."

The hymn, "Fight the Good Fight," was sung. The tablet before the unveiling was covered with the Union Jack. The ceremony was performed by the Reverend J. Armstrong, vicar of Northwick, and a cousin of John Harbord.

Children are taught many of the words of foreign languages in an easy and interesting manner with the use of a set of blocks now on the market. Each unit has different interchangeable words on the faces so that combinations appear as the blocks are turned.

There are twenty-six counties in Ireland, and six in northern Ireland.

DO YOU SUFFER FROM CONSTIPATION?

Countless remedies are advertised for constipation. Many relieve for a moment, but they are habit forming and must be continued. Others are harsh and cause the system to become more and more irritable.

Avoid lubricating oils which only create the irritation and encourage nature's machinery to become lazy.

A pure vegetable laxative, such as Carter's Little Liver Pills, gently touches the liver, gets it flowing, the bowels move, the intestines are thoroughly cleaned and constipation is relieved.

Stomach, liver and bowels are now active and system enjoys a real tonic effect. All druggists 25c and 75c per bottle.

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Professional Cards

Dr. S. R. McGregor
Physician and Surgeon
Office - First Avenue East
(Next door to Hospital)
Office and Residence - Phone 7

J. J. Kelly, L. L. B.
Barrister, Solicitor and
Notary Public
Money to Loan
Oyen, Alberta

John P. Kerr
Veterinary Surgeon
(Graduate of Ontario
Veterinary College)
Oyen, Alberta

E. V. HARTWELL
Graduate Nurse
Phone Sibbald 1607

**OYEN CARTAGE
AND TRANSFER**
Motor Truck Service
Water Delivered
Leave Orders on Pad in Office
W. D. MORRELL
Phones: Residence 41 Office 65

GOOD BREAD
Cakes and
Confectionery
W. J. Hodges
Main Street - Oyen

The Price of
**PETROLEUM
COKE**
"The ashless Fuel"
has been reduced
Ask your coal dealer
for it, (the supply is ad-
equate)—and get away
from ashes, smoke, soot
and waste. Remember
it is CHEAPER NOW
and your fuel dealer can
get it from
**THE PURCELL-COTE
Co., LTD.**
800 Lancaster Building
CALGARY

OYEN THEATRE
One Night Only
FRIDAY, JANUARY 31
Richard Kent Stock Co.
Presents
"FLAPPER WIVES"
A riot of fun.
Admission: Adults 75c
Children 25 cents.
Grand Dance after Show.

Here and There
(459)
The new north west of the Em-
press Hotel, Victoria, western out-
post of the Canadian Pacific Rail-
way chain of hotels across Canada,
was opened recently at a function
presided over by Hon. R. F. Tolmie,
Premier of British Columbia, at-
tended by over 1,000 visitors in-
cluding civic officials. It repre-
sents more than 250 additional
rooms and a number of beautifully
decorated suites including recep-
tional, Jacobean, Italian, Spanish
and Flower, and was built at a cost
of approximately \$3,000,000.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

SUBSCRIPTIONS—to the following
magazines are taken at the office of
the Oyen News: "Maclean's", Can-
ada's National magazine, \$2.00 a
year, or \$5.00 for three years. The
Country Gentleman, \$1.00 for three
years. The Ladies Home Journal,
\$1.00 a year. The Saturday Even-
ing Post, \$5.00 a year. Good House-
keeping, \$5.00 a year. G. L. Dunford
Agent.

FOR SALE—A quantity of Hay
Will sell for cash, or trade for stock
Interested parties apply to Mr.
Simon Crowley, Kitchi, Alta., R. M.
No. 2. See 38, 7, 26, 35, W. 4.

WANTED—Will all borrowers of
Anglican Church tables please re-
turn them promptly and kindly and
for them before removing them
again. The Anglican Church re-
quires three at once.

CHURCH NOTICES
Oyen United Church
Service Next Sunday
Sunday School at 2 p.m.
Worship and Sermon 7.30 p.m.
"Thinking things Through."
Everybody welcome.
Rev. H. C. Woods.

All Saints' Anglican Church
Oyen, January 10, 1930
Sunday School 1.45 p.m.
Evening Song and Sermon 3 p.m.
Rev. Leonard C. Scott.

Look at your address label

Here and There
(462)
The total value of the principal
large bridge over the 1929 is
estimated at \$400,000,000, about
\$100,000,000 less than in 1928.

Construction of the new steamer
for the service between Salt Lake
and Urey on the Bay of Fundy is
well advanced and it is hoped to
have it in operation by next August.
Grand Hall, senior vice-president of
the province, recently arrived at
Oyen by Canadian Pacific Railway
for shipment to Australia and New
Zealand.

Indicating western Canada's im-
portance in the livestock world, 20
head of registered Aberdeen Angus
cattle from the Macdonald Farm, fam-
ous breeding establishment operat-
ing in Brandon by Hon. J. Mc-
Gregor, Lieutenant-Governor of the
province, recently arrived at Oyen
by Canadian Pacific Railway for
shipment to Australia and New
Zealand.

Designed to furnish the immense
tractive effort of \$2,300 pounds, a
new locomotive, first of its kind on
this continent, to be operated on a
high steam pressure principle, will
be immediately placed under con-
struction at the Angus Shop of the
Canadian Pacific Railway. It will
be one of the most powerful in the
world and will supersede the 2000
engine of the railway as the most
powerful in the British Empire.
Locomotive and tender will weigh
74,000 lbs. or 14,000 lbs. heavier
than the 5900 engine and 120,000
lbs. heavier than the 2800 loco-
motive.

How one \$140,000,000 equipment
contract given by the Canadian
Pacific Railway to the National
Steel Car of Hamilton, Ontario, dur-
ing 1929, resulted in 122 business
houses, located in four Canadian
provinces, securing valuable sup-
plies and how this far-flung dis-
tribution of the company's contract
provided steady work and wages for
skilled mechanics and large office
staffs over a period of months has
been revealed at the National Steel Car
and Canadian Pacific Railway.

I. A. Murphy, M.P. of Toronto,
was a passenger on S.S. Montrose
recently from Saint John. As an
official of the Amateur Athletic
Union of Canada, Mr. Murphy is on
the way to Great Britain to make
arrangements for the British Em-
pire games at Hamilton next Aug-
ust, at which every part of the Em-
pire will be represented by brilliant
athletes.

Just regarded as one of the
largest real estate transactions on
record was made recently when the
Canadian Government reached
agreements with the Provincial
Governments of Manitoba and Al-
berta to the transfer to those pro-
vinces of their natural resources.
These include large areas of land,
forests, oil, power, fisheries,
mineral, oilfields, etc. and represent
a value in excess of a billion dol-
lars. The agreement will be re-
solved by Parliament at its next ses-
sion early this year.

About Town and Country

George J. Benbow
PIANIST and TEACHER

Pupils prepared for R. A. M.
and R. C. M. Examinations.
Residence: Main Street, Oyen

A successful and very enjoy-
able whist drive and dance was
held in the Masonic Hall, Oyen,
last Friday evening, under the
auspices of the Women's Guild
of All Saints Church. Prizes
in the whist drive were won as
follows: Mrs. S. A. Miller, first
lady, Mrs. A. Campbell, consul-
tation. First Gent, Mr. J. Gail,
consolation, Mr. H. R. Chapin.
Music by Messrs Benbow, Neid
and Monb, assisted by Mrs.
Neid, proved very popular with
the dancers.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Johnson
who went into Calgary last
week, are expected home the
latter part of this week.

Mr. W. Pottinger, field super-
visor for the Alberta Wheat
Pool, was a town visitor Mon-
day.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Grant who
have been residents of Sibbald
for some months past, expect
to go to Munson this week.

Miss Nellie Smale recently re-
turned to Calgary to complete
a course in dress making at the
school of technology and art.

On Sunday last, from an un-
discovered cause, the derrick at
the Wellington Oil well in
Turner Valley, was destroyed by
fire.

WEDDING
HOGAN-CARR

Mr. C. P. Snyder is a business
visitor in Drumheller this week.

The annual meeting of All
Saints Church, was held last
week at the home of Mr. George
Benbow. The meeting was fol-
lowed by refreshments and a
social hour.

A meeting of the Women's
Guild of All Saints Church was
held at the home of Mrs. A.
Campbell last Wednesday after-
noon, when officers for the
present year were elected.

Mr. Robert Niehet who has
been confined to his home for
some days past with a severe
cold is now about again.

The board of management of
the United Church Sunday
School met at the home of Mrs.
C. S. Wright on Monday even-
ing, when the teaching staff
was arranged for 1930.

Mr. A. O. MacArthur, man-
aging director of the Pango Oil
Co., who has been spending a
short holiday in the east, re-
turned to Oyen last Monday.

Mr. T. M. Nunn and Mr. J.
Mahaffey who have been spend-
ing a short holiday here, left
last Friday to return to their
duties on the Hudson Bay Rail-
road.

Ms. J. J. Meyer of Youngs-
town returned to her home af-
ter spending the holidays visit-
ing her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F.
White.

Mr. O. Desroches of the Bank
of Toronto staff here, left last
Saturday for Black Diamond.

Mr. Allan Sharp left Sat-
urday to spend a few days in
Calgary.

Mr. Les. Pears left last Mon-
day for Alton, to visit at the
home of his parents.

Fast and Reliable Grain Service STOCKS AND BONDS

Daily Financial Broadcast over C.K.L.C. 4
to 4:30 p.m., when your transactions will be con-
firmed by number if requested.

Orders promptly executed over our
private wire to Winnipeg and Chicago.

CONTINUOUS QUOTATIONS FROM ALL MARKETS

Let us transact your business.

H. K. REED & Co., Ltd.
211a Eighth Avenue W. Calgary
Phone M. 5531

The Curlers' Corner



Sandy MacDougal MacAllister Mac-
Tubb, The Eminent Rock Heaver

"Sandy" who is spending the
winter months at Mediterranean
resorts, sends greetings to all
rock heavers. In his great love
for the roarin' game, he has
compiled a glossary of curling
terms, a few of which we re-
publish for the benefit of be-
ginners as well as those who
know all about the game. If
you haven't got a cracked lip,
you'll probably be able to mus-
ter up a laugh at his definitions:

Rink—A rectangular build-
ing, cold and cheerless, in which
players in multiples of eight
slide rocks along sheets of ice
in an endeavor to get more
"counters" than their oppo-
nents, which they seldom do.

This is called the "roarin'
game." In another portion of
the building, which is cosy and
comfortable, other players
watch the game, separated

from the cold and cheerless
portion of the building by a
glass partition, and knowing
all the fine points, play each
shot with uncanny accuracy.
The players behind the glass
always make more "counters"
than than the other fellow.

Roarin' Game—The prefix
"roarin'" was adopted when it
was found that the losing rink
usually roars.

Rocks—The most essential
apparatus of the game. In-
dividual players in an average
game throw about 900 lbs in
two hours. This remarkable
performance can only be done
in a cold and cheerless building.
It would be a wild stretch of
imagination to think of them
doing this in the summer time.
In local "hospitals" as much as
50,000 lbs of rocks are thrown,
while in the large centres the
colossal figure of 840,000 lbs of
rocks thrown is sometimes
reached.

Bonsplie—There are many
coasting explanations of the
term, but it generally serves as
an excuse to be away from
home and covers a multitude
of sins.

The draw—A careful and
painstakingly compiled sched-
ule of games to be played.
Never altered to.

Ice comets—A group of
individuals, usually three, ap-
pointed at the annual meeting,
who are responsible for bad ice,
and all lost games.

IN LIGHTER VEIN

What Do You Know
About This Fred?

A number of people have
dogs who don't feed them, and
they run through the streets
trying to find something to eat,
and if they are run over by
some one then these dogs lovers
put up a big howl and accuse
motorists of deliberately kill-
ing them.—Exchange.

Something Auto Be Done About It!

Shed a tear
For Ellis Bree
The car he hit
Was marked "P.D."
—New York Sun
Don't send no flowers
For Percy Parr
Who spent in front
A Fire Chief's car.

**IS
YOUR
SUBSCRIPTION
IN ARREARS**

**YOUR
ADDRESS
LABEL
WILL
SHOW
YOU**

**PAYMENT
WILL BE
APPRECIATED**